



# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

2018

Prepared by the Kalamazoo Area Transportation Study | (269) 343-0766 | [info@KATSmpo.org](mailto:info@KATSmpo.org) | [www.KATSmpo.org](http://www.KATSmpo.org)

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

## Contents

What is Asset Management?_____	2
PASER Rating System_____	4
Summary of 2016 and 2017 Ratings_____	7
Federal Aid Conditions History and Trends_____	12
Pavement Condition Summary_____	26
Contact Information_____	34

## Tables

Table 1- PASER Rating Scale_____	5
Table 2-Treatment Options_____	6

## PASER Maps

Calhoun County_____	29 - 30
City of Battle Creek_____	31
City of Marshall_____	32
City of Albion_____	33

# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## Executive Summary

The Kalamazoo Area Transportation Study and Battle Creek Area Transportation Study assisted in the data collection of Federal Aid road inventory for Calhoun County in 2017 and 2018. According to 23 USC 101, “Federal-aid eligible” roads are “highways on the Federal-aid highway systems and all other public roads not classified as local roads or rural minor collectors.”

Within Calhoun County, there are:

- **699 miles of Federal-aid roads.** This includes roads that are maintained by the Michigan Department of Transportation, the Calhoun County Road Department, and the cities and villages within the county. Of the almost 700 Federal-Aid miles in Calhoun County, there are:
  - **289 miles of Trunkline roadways** maintained by the Michigan Department of Transportation
  - **309 mile of County Roads** maintained by the Calhoun County Road Department
  - **101 miles of City Streets** maintained by the incorporated cities and villages in the county

This report compiles ratings records for the last two years and compares the results with those from 2010 through 2018 to analyze the condition of the federal aid road system in Calhoun County.

# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## What is Asset Management?

“An ongoing process of maintaining, upgrading, and operating physical assets cost effectively, based on a continuous physical inventory and condition assessment.”

- Act 499 of the Public Acts of 2002.

The State of Michigan defines asset management as “an ongoing process of maintaining, upgrading, and operating physical assets cost effectively, based on a continuous physical inventory and condition assessment.” Asset management consists of a set of business principles and practices used to meet the goals of good ownership and effective, responsible management. The process allows transportation agencies to monitor the current condition of all federal aid eligible pavements, while also taking an inventory of potential preventative measures, to ensure the quality of the roads in the future. Implementation of asset management principles requires a shift from “Worst First” system management to one that considers the long range view of how the system functions.

### Principles of Asset Management

Asset management follows five core principles. They are:

- **Performance-Based**-Allows policy objectives to be broken down into daily operations decisions and strategic maintenance decisions.
- **Decisions Based on Quality Information**-Accurate information regarding the inventory, condition, and available funding of any of the assets involved.
- **Policy-Driven**-Resource allocation decisions that are based on well-defined performance goals and objectives. Alternatives are examined, and often level of service, system conditions, and community goals are reflected.
- **Analysis of Mix of Fixes, Options, and Tradeoffs**-A system-wide assessment is made to determine the most valuable alternatives to invest in current and future system performance.
- **Monitoring to Provide Clear Accountability and Feedback**-The system needs to be consistently monitored to ensure that the chosen investments are meeting the predetermined goals and policy objectives.

All agencies currently apply some form of these principles, and for that reason, existing principles can be easily built upon in order to implement a successful asset management plan.



# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## **Benefits of Asset Management**

Asset management provides public agencies with a better understanding of the relationship between cost and performance. This understanding allows for better management, which is often directly reflected in the improvement of performance. In addition to the overall improvement of an agency's performance, there are many benefits of implementing asset management principles and practices. These benefits include:

- Improved service to customers;
- Improved cost-effectiveness and use of available resources;
- Improved communication with elected officials and the public about level of service vs. cost of service; and
- Improved credibility and accountability for decision-making process and results.

In order to gain these benefits, an agency must evaluate its current business practices, establish where significant improvements can be made, and develop a plan to institute changes.

# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## PASER Rating System

PASER (Pavement Surface Evaluation and Rating) is a simple “windshield” survey of road surface quality, which was developed by the University of Wisconsin-Madison to be used as the state’s standard road rating system. The system uses manuals that provide visual aids for identifying different types and extents of various defects that may be visually present in any given section of road. This information is used to assign values from the ten point PASER scale to rate their condition. On the PASER rating scale, one represents a failed road, and ten, a new road. The time that it takes a road to cycle from excellent to poor on the PASER scale is largely dependent on traffic volume and construction quality.

Regularly recording and charting the PASER rating scale on paved surfaces within a county aids in predicting deterioration rates of surfaces. This information is important in order to create a plan of maintenance and replacement that is both efficient and cost effective.

### PASER Categories

When surveying a paved surface for defects, there are four main categories to keep in mind. These categories are:

- **Surface Defects-** These include raveling (loss of aggregate on pavement surface), flushing (excess asphalt binder on pavement surface), or polishing (worn down and smoothed aggregate on pavement surface resulting in a loss of friction)
- **Surface Deformation-** Includes rutting of wheel paths and pavement distortion
- **Cracks-** Can be transverse, longitudinal, Reflection, slippage, alligator, and block cracks
- **Patches and Potholes-** Patches are when previous damage has been filled by new material. Potholes are isolated surface damage caused by traffic, fatigue, and poor drainage.

### How Data is Collected

Data is collected by three-person teams that consist of one MDOT employee, one member of the local road agency, and one member from the regional planning agency. Together, this team is responsible for evaluating pavement and recording information about each road, using a laptop and a GPS receiver. This information includes surface type, number of lanes, and condition (PASER Rating).

### Treatments

Applying a rating system like PASER to a paved network of roads allows for an efficient way to inventory and evaluate transportation assets. These evaluations can then be used to create a prioritized arrangement of projects, and select from any of the treatment alternatives. Effective management of pavement keeps the condition of the road ahead of rapid deterioration with treatments that are lower cost.

There are a number of treatment options that directly correlate to the PASER score of a paved surface. The better the road is rated, the less treatment it requires. For example, roads with a PASER rating 8-10 only require routine maintenance through scheduled activities like sweeping, drainage clearing, shoulder clearing/grading, and crack seal/slurry coat to prevent water infiltration. 5-7 rated roads require capital preventative maintenance. If the roadway deteriorates past a 4 on the PASER scale, capital preventative maintenance methods of treatment are not effective. A road rated 1-4 on the PASER scale requires some form of structural improvement or full reconstruction.

# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

The following table illustrates PASER ratings for asphalt pavements, which constitute the majority of roads in Calhoun County.

**Table 1**

Rating	Visible Distress	General Treatment & Conditions
<b>10</b> Good	None	New Construction
<b>9</b> Good	None	Recent Overlay
<b>8</b> Good	No longitudinal cracks except reflection of paving joints. Occasional transverse cracks, widely spaced (40' or greater). All cracks sealed or tight (open less than 1/4").	Recent sealcoat or new cold mix. Little or no maintenance required.
<b>7</b> Fair	Very slight or no raveling, surface shows some traffic wear. Longitudinal cracks (open 1/4") due to reflection or paving joints. Transverse cracks (open 1/4") spaced 10' or more apart, little or slight crack raveling. No patching or very few patches in excellent condition.	First signs of aging. Maintain with routine crack filling.
<b>6</b> Fair	Slight raveling (loss of fines) and traffic wear. Longitudinal cracks (open 1/4" - 1/2"), some spaced less than 10'. First sign of block cracking. Sight to moderate flushing or polishing. Occasional patching in good condition.	Shows signs of aging. Sound structural condition. Could extend life with sealcoat.
<b>5</b> Fair	Moderate to severe raveling (loss of fine and coarse aggregate). Longitudinal and transverse cracks (open 1/2") show first signs of slight raveling and secondary cracks. First signs of longitudinal cracks near pavement edge. Block cracking up to 50% of surface. Extensive to severe flushing or polishing. Some patching or edge wedging in good condition.	Surface aging. Sound structural condition. Needs sealcoat or thin non-structural overlay (less than 2")
<b>4</b> Poor	Severe surface raveling. Multiple longitudinal and transverse cracking with slight raveling. Longitudinal cracking in wheel path. Block cracking (over 50% of surface). Patching in fair condition. Slight rutting or distortions (1/2" deep or less)	Significant aging and first signs of need for strengthening. Would benefit from a structural overlay (2" or more).
<b>3</b> Poor	Closely spaced longitudinal and transverse cracks often showing raveling and crack erosion. Severe block cracking. Some alligator cracking (less than 25% of surface). Patches in fair to poor condition. Moderate rutting or distortion (1" or 2" deep). Occasional potholes.	Needs patching and repair prior to major overlay. Milling and removal of deterioration extends the life of overlay.
<b>2</b> Poor	Alligator cracking (over 25% of surface). Severe distortions (over 2" deep) Extensive patching in poor condition. Potholes.	Severe deterioration. Needs reconstruction with extensive base repair. Pulverization of old pavement is effective
<b>1</b> Poor	Severe distress with extensive loss of surface integrity	Failed. Needs total reconstruction.

# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

**Table 2**

Treatment	Life Extension (Average Years)	PASER Rating	Cost per Mile	Average Cost per Additional Year
Overband Crack Filling	4	6 to 7	\$15,000	\$3,750
Fog Seal Coat	4	5 to 7	\$5,000	\$1,250
One Course Non-Structural Overlay	7	5 to 6	\$60,000	\$8,571
Single Course Chip Seal	6	5 to 7	\$15,000	\$2,500
Double Course Chip Seal	7.5	5 to 7	\$25,000	\$3,333
Cold In-Place Recycling	20	3 to 5	\$200,000	\$10,000

**Capital Preventative Maintenance and Reconstructive Treatments**

Table 2 details historical cost, lifespan, and rating of pavement treatment types that have been used in Calhoun County. These treatments range from the minimal (overband crack filling) to major construction. As noted these treatments and costs are historical; as new technologies emerge and become adopted some treatments may be amended, superseded or added. The following list provides a brief overview of each treatment:

- Overband Crack Filling is used on cracks that are up to 1” wide, and are moving or unmoving. The process is done by pouring hot rubber material into and over cracks to seal them from water intrusion.
- Fog Seals provide a thin asphalt coating over existing pavement. This treatment seals aggregate in place, and prevents water permeation and oxidation of the asphalt binder.
- Non-Structural Overlays do not contribute to a pavement’s structural capacity. These treatments use thin layers of asphalt (1/2- 1 ½ inches) applied on top of existing pavement, with or without milling prior to placement. They improve surface ride quality and drainage, and help seal the surface from water permeation and oxidation.
- Chip Seals consist of a thin layer of emulsified asphalt applied to the road surface, which is topped with an aggregate usually consisting of crushed stone or slag. The treatment seals the underlying asphalt from water permeation and oxidation, and provides a renewed, high friction driving surface.
- Cold In-Place Recycling involves the removal and pulverization of all or some of the existing asphalt surface. The prepared material is then mixed with an asphalt emulsion and used to repave the same road.



# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

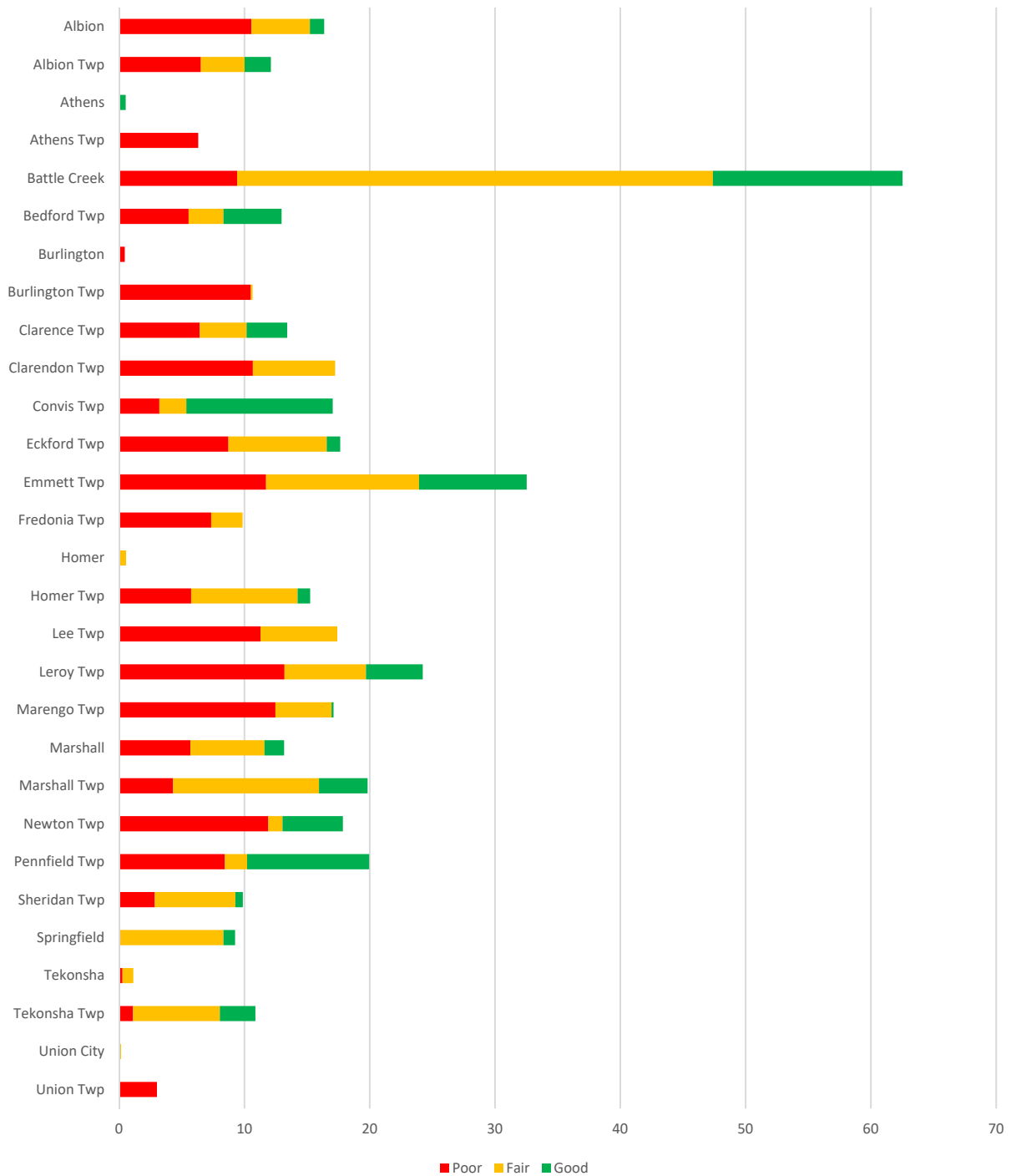
## Summary of 2017 and 2018 Ratings

2017/2018 PASER Ratings  
Calhoun County All Federal-Aid Miles by Jurisdiction



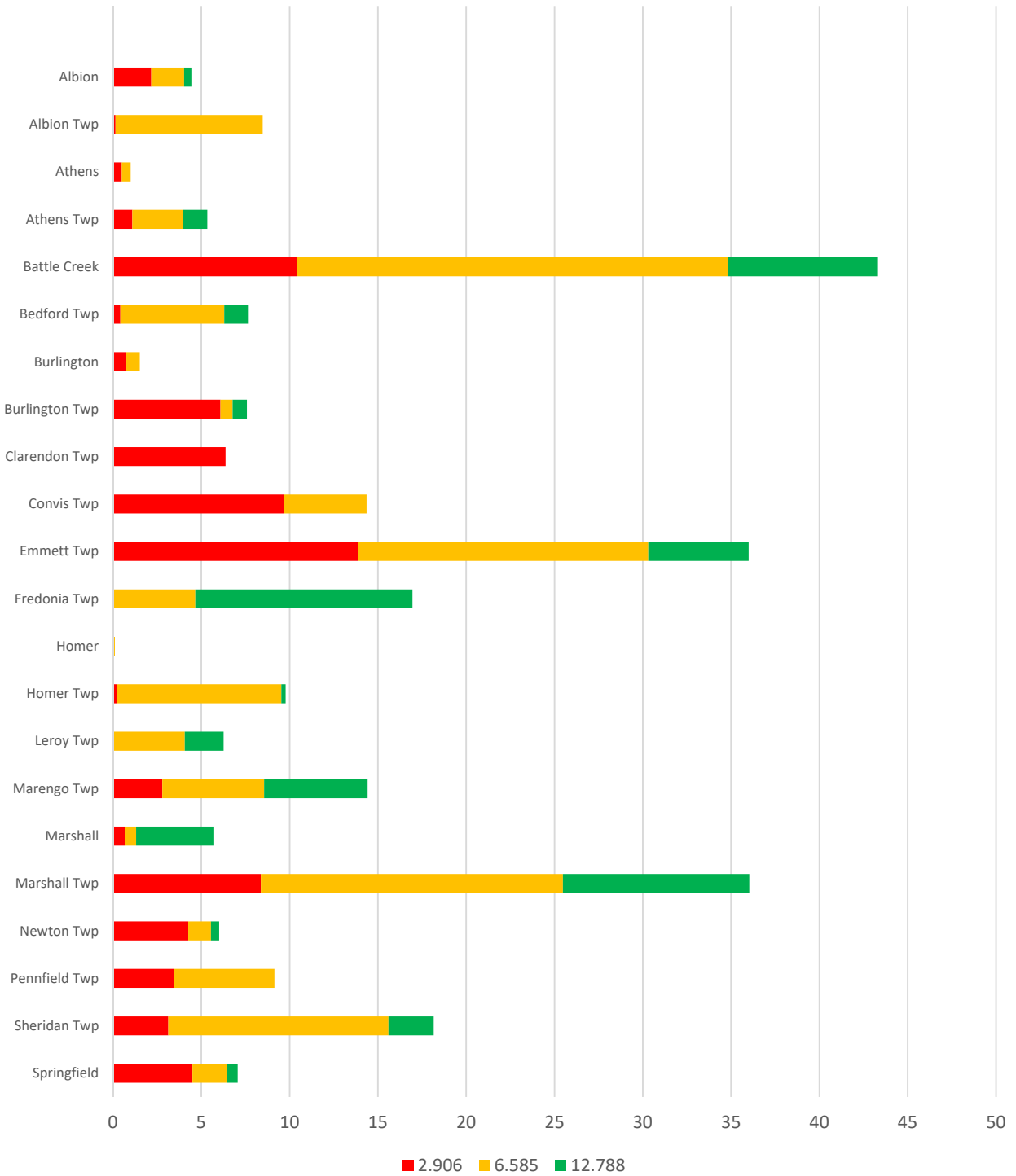
# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## 2017/2018 PASER Ratings Calhoun County **Non-Trunkline** Federal-Aid Miles



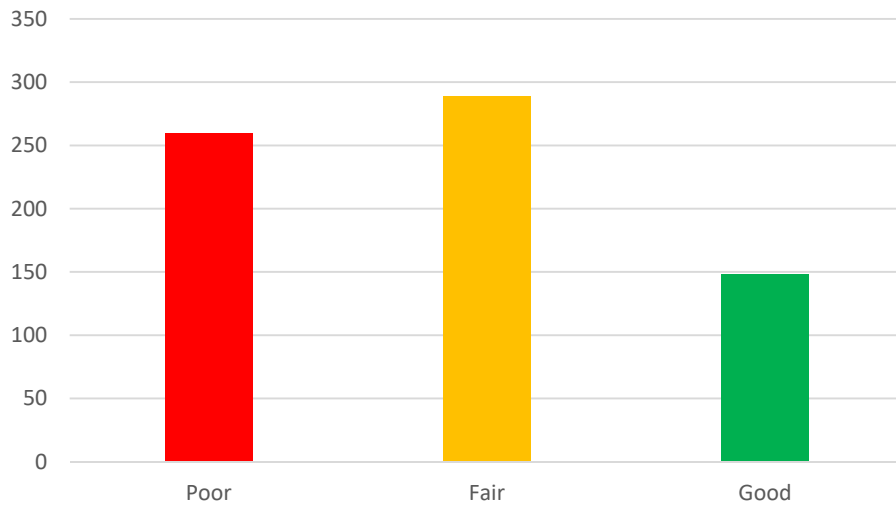
# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## 2017/2018 PASER Ratings Calhoun County **Trunkline** Federal-Aid Miles

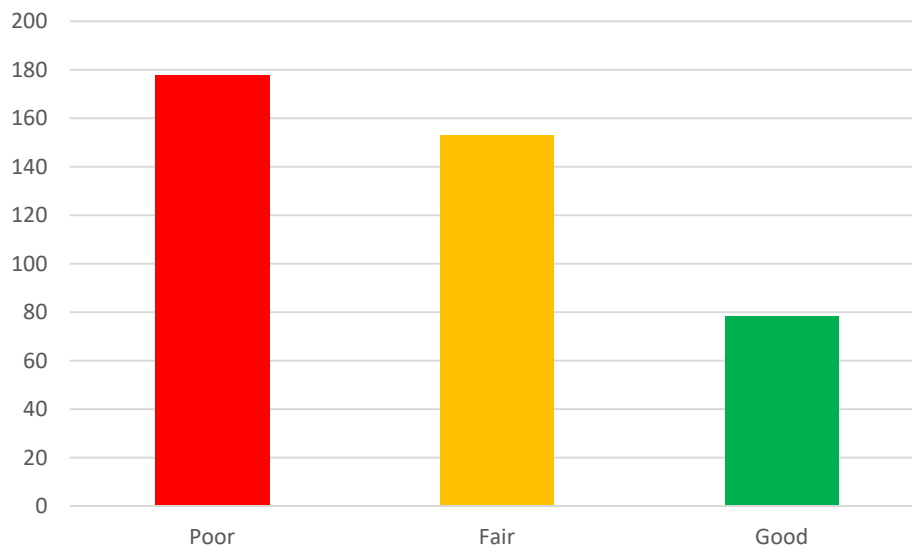


# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## 2017 - 2018 Calhoun Countywide Federal Aid PASER Ratings

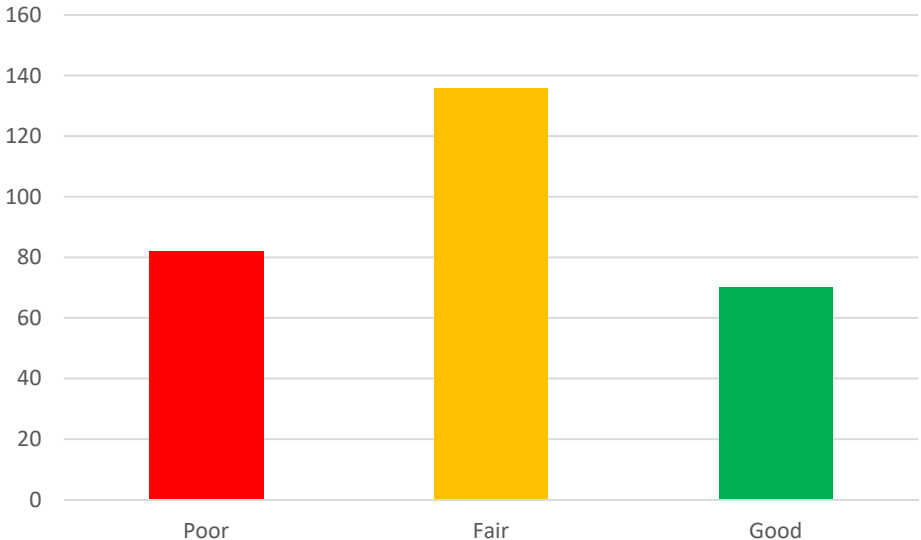


## 2017 - 2018 Calhoun County Non-Trunkline Federal Aid PASER Ratings



# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

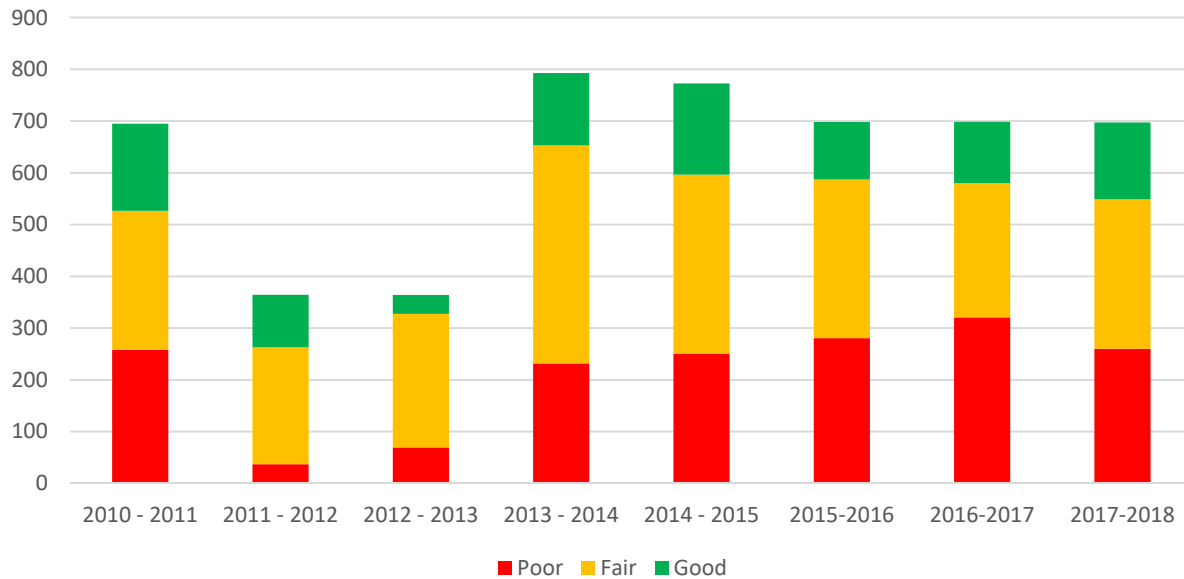
2017 - 2018 Calhoun County Trunkline Federal Aid PASER Ratings



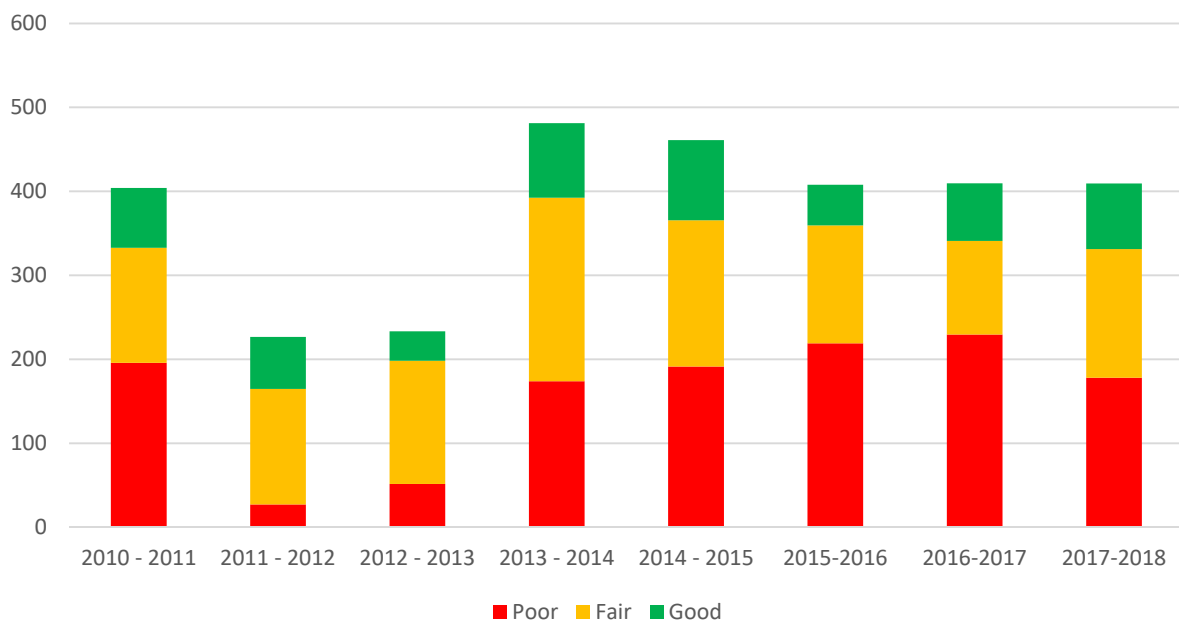
# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## Federal Aid Conditions History and Trends

2010-2018 PASER Road Condition Ratings  
Calhoun County Federal-Aid Roads

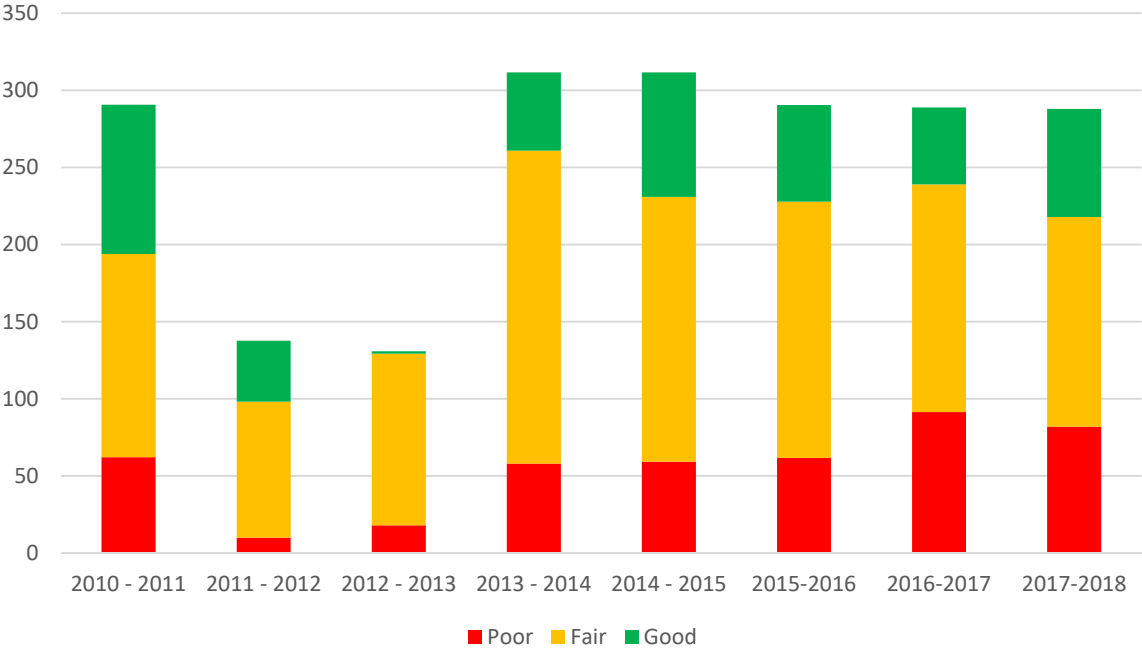


2010-2018 PASER Road Condition Ratings  
Calhoun County Non-Trunkline Federal-Aid Roads



# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

2010-2018 PASER Road Condition Ratings  
Calhoun County Trunkline Federal-Aid Roads



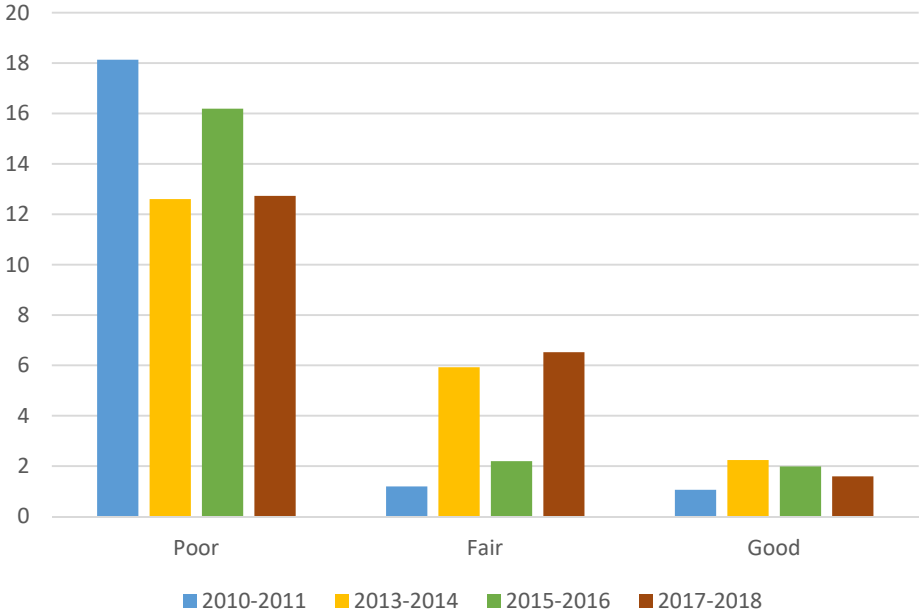
The charts above reflect the progression of Calhoun County’s federal-aid roads over an eight year period. Unfortunately only 20 miles of federal aid roads were rated in the county in 2012 and some roads were rated more than once in 2014, which is reflected in the difference in totals for the affected two-year periods. The resulting variance in total miles rated makes analysis inexact, though general trends can be discerned across the data gap. Generally after a small decrease from 2010 to 2013, there has been an increase in the number of poor-rated miles until 2017 then a decrease for 2018. Correspondingly, after increasing from 2010 to 2013, the mileage of Fair rated roads has decreased since then. Mileage of Good rated roads has been variable over the seven-year period but generally appears to have been decreasing until 2018, when it increased.

When looking at township breakdowns from 2010 to 2018 on the following pages of this document, it is apparent that in each jurisdiction the majority of roads are Fair and Poor, with Good roads constituting very little overall. The same data gap that affected the overall county chart impacts a number of the individual jurisdiction charts as well. Periods with missing data have not been included to make comparison simpler.

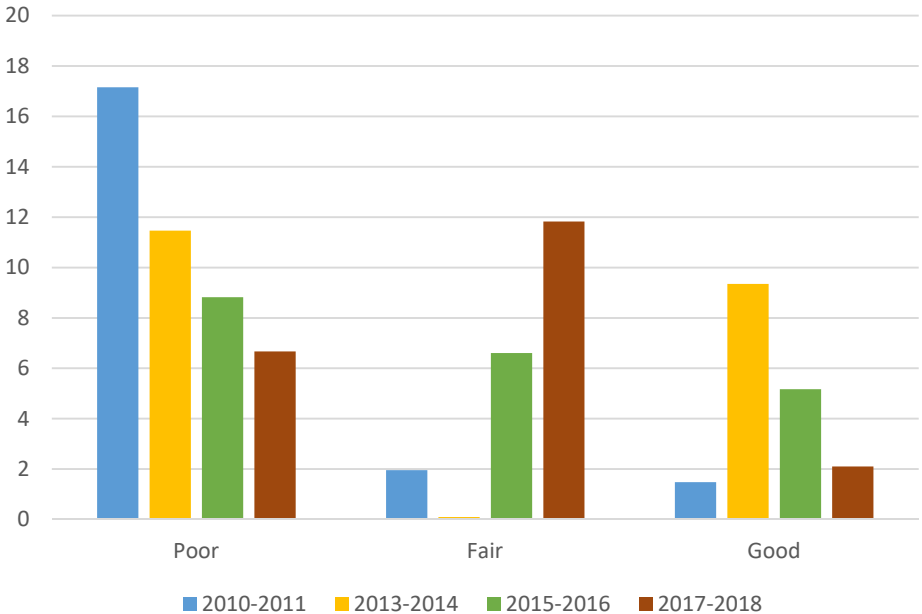
# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## 2011-2018 Federal Aid Road Condition Trends

City of Albion  
(20.374 Miles)



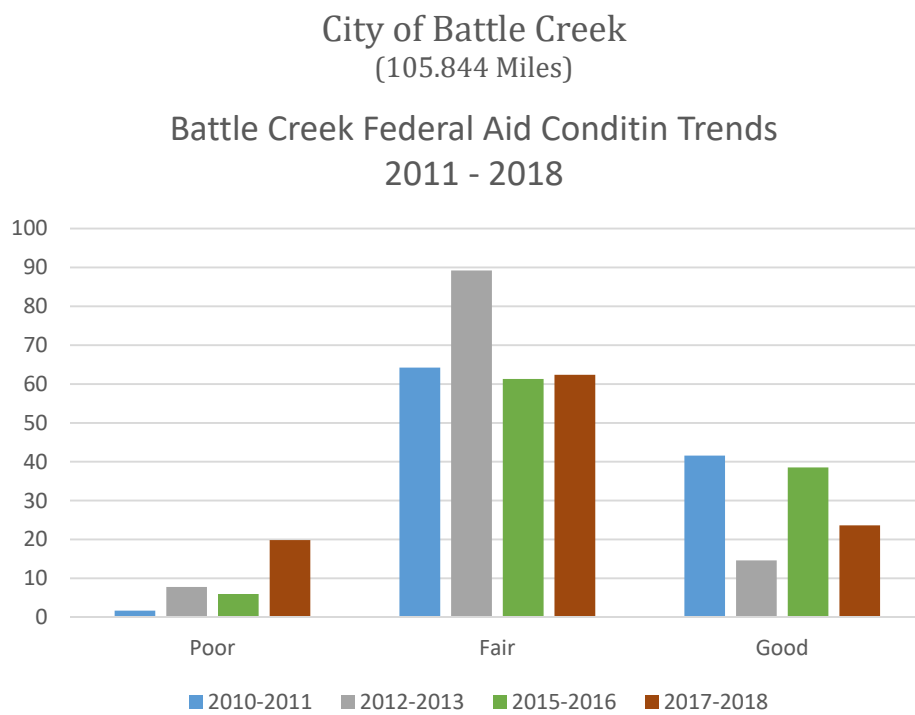
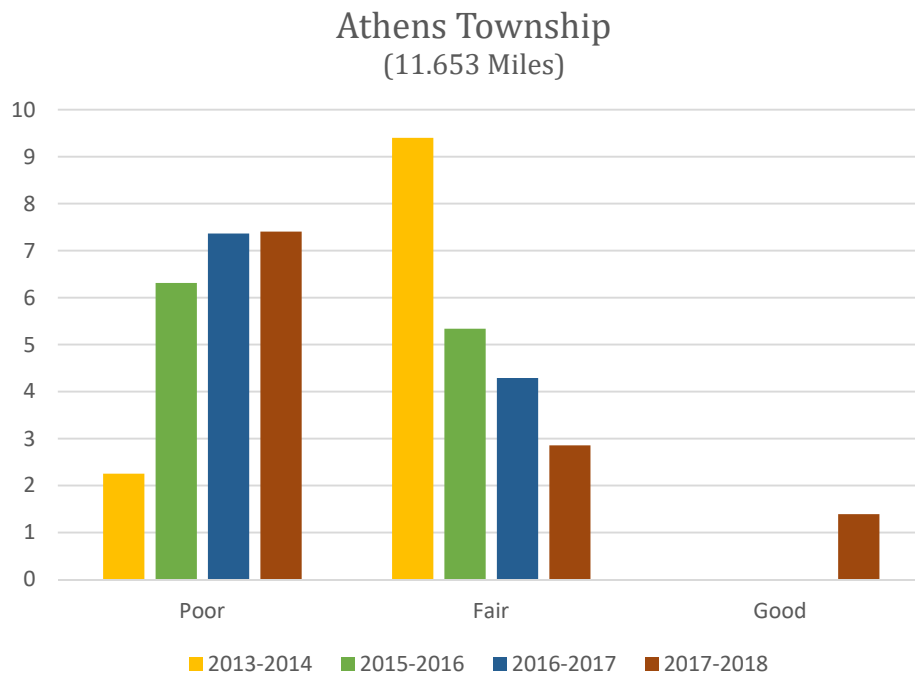
Albion Township  
(20.597 Miles)





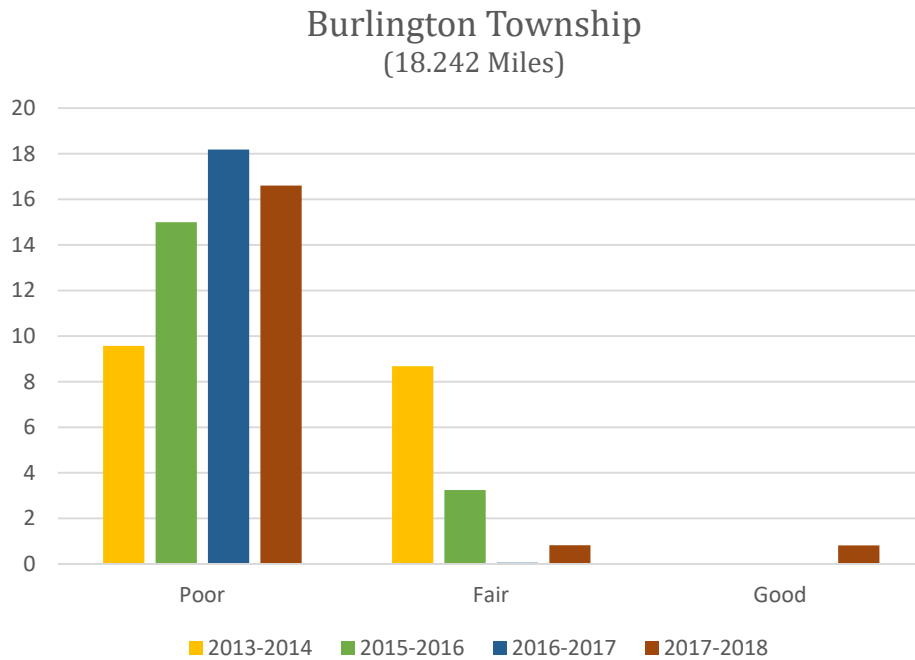
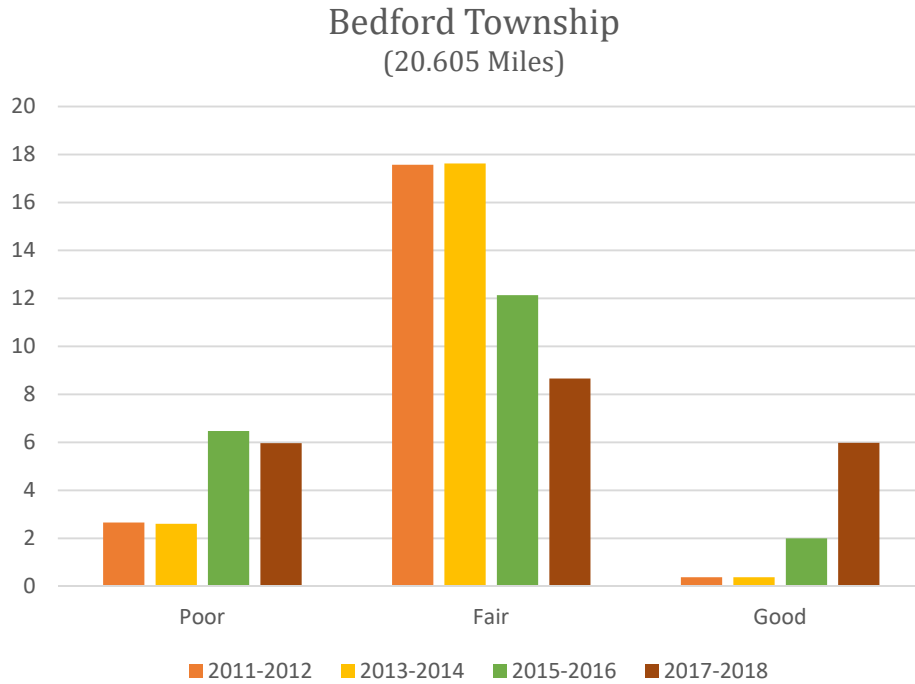
# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## 2011-2018 Federal Aid Road Condition Trends



# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

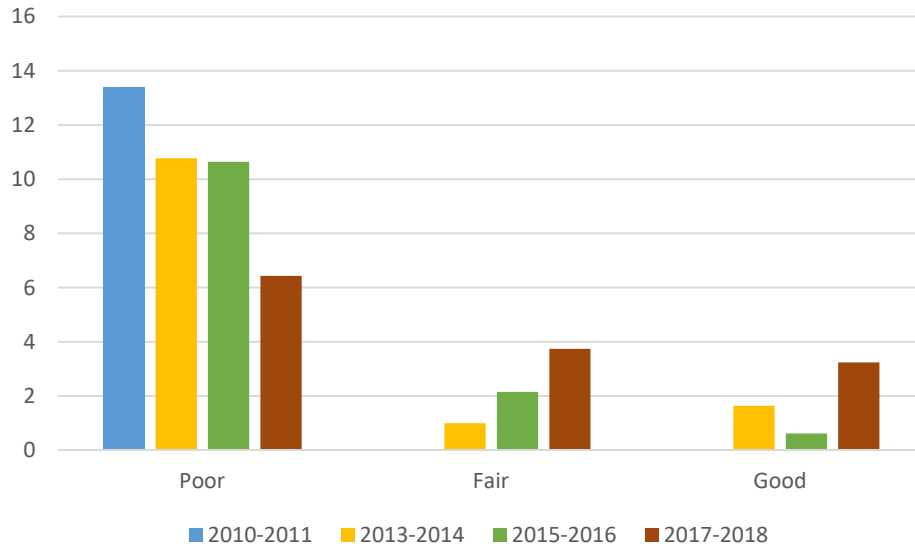
## 2011-2018 Federal Aid Road Condition Trends



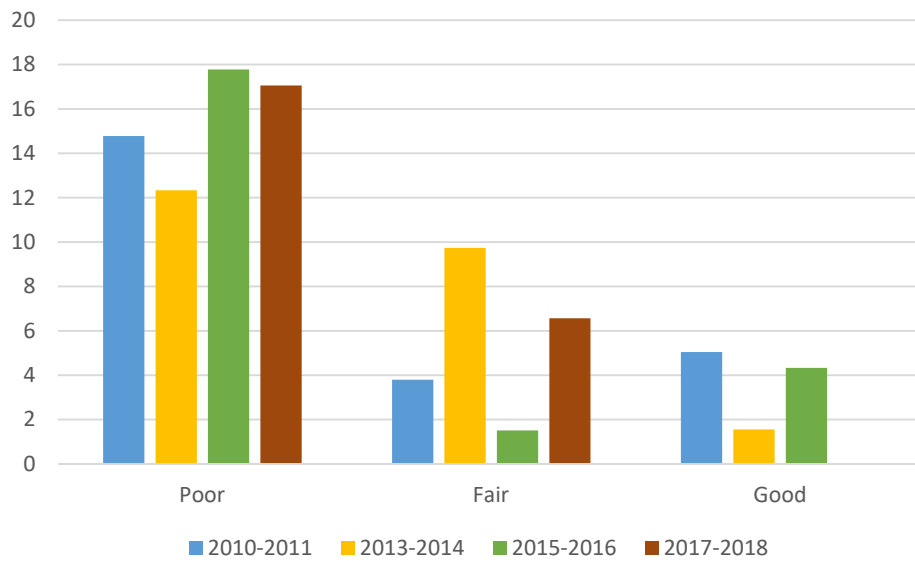
# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## 2011-2018 Federal Aid Road Condition Trends

### Clarence Township (13.411 Miles)



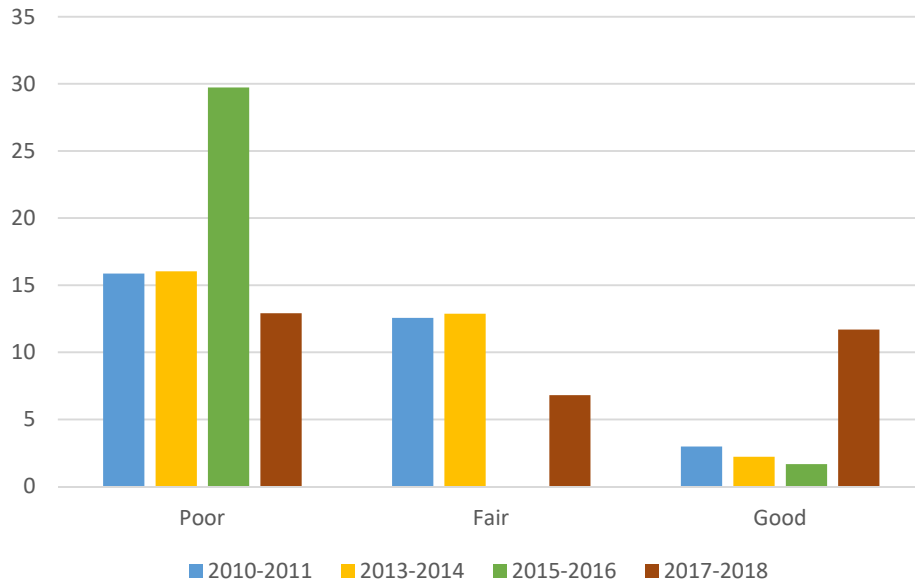
### Clarendon Township (23.622 Miles)



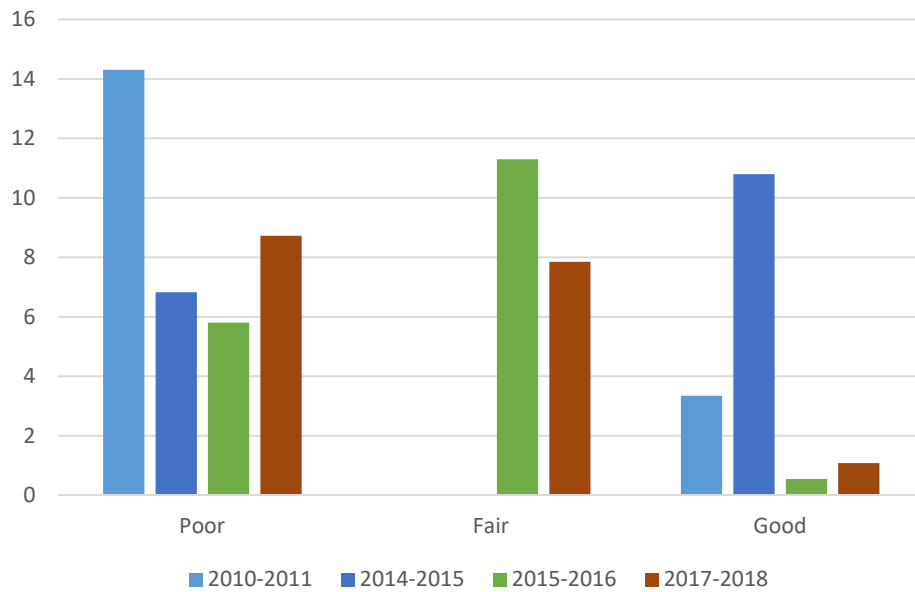
# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## 2011-2018 Federal Aid Road Condition Trends

### Convis Township (31.409 Miles)

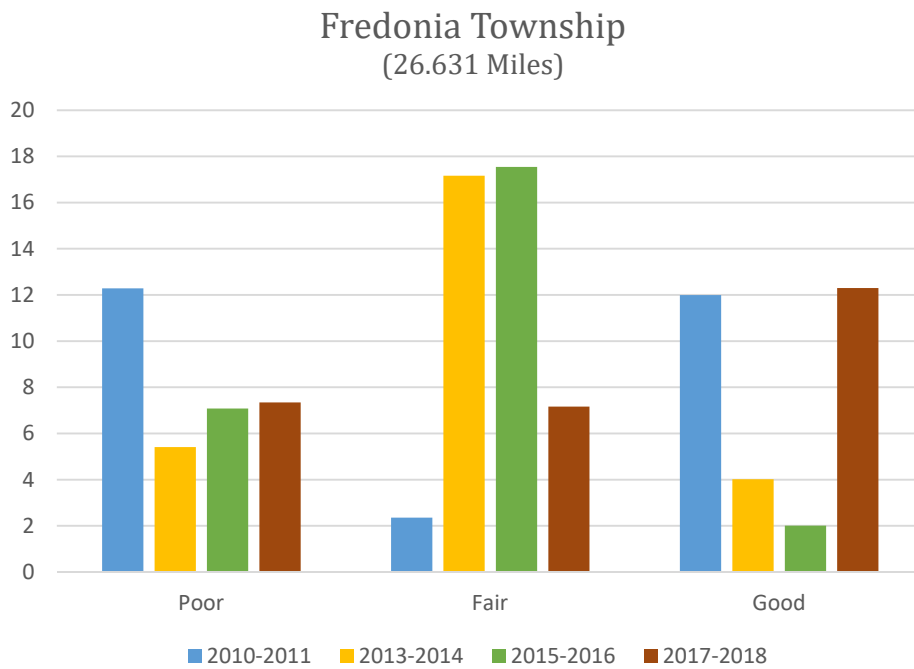
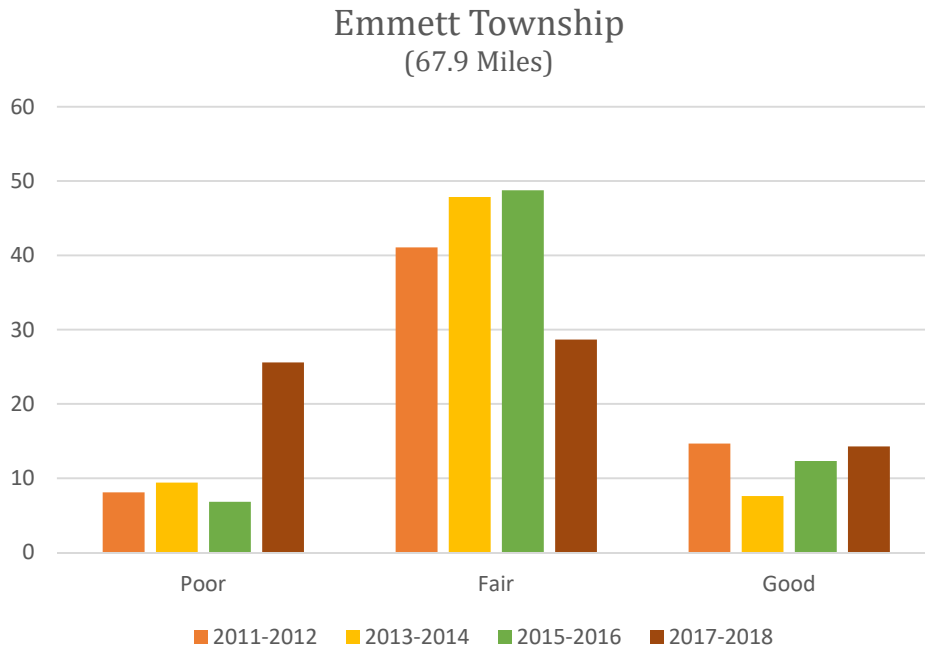


### Eckford Township (17.651 Miles)



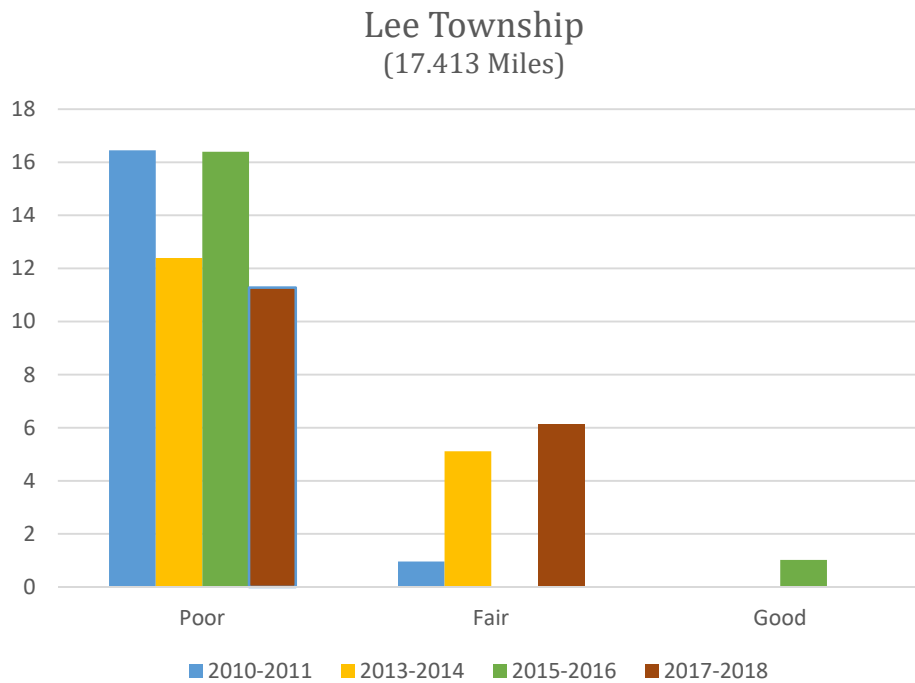
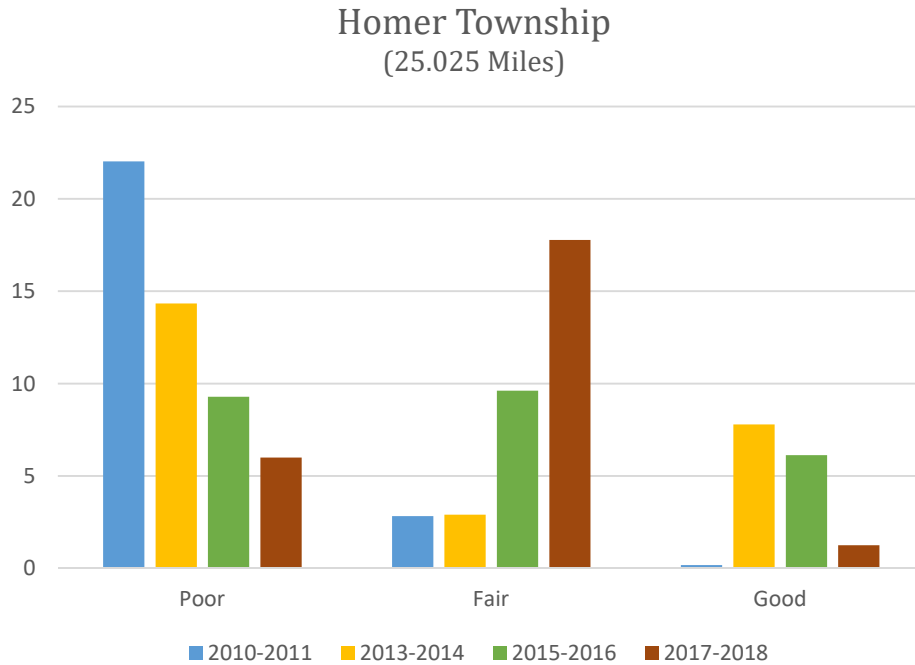
# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## 2011-2018 Federal Aid Road Condition Trends



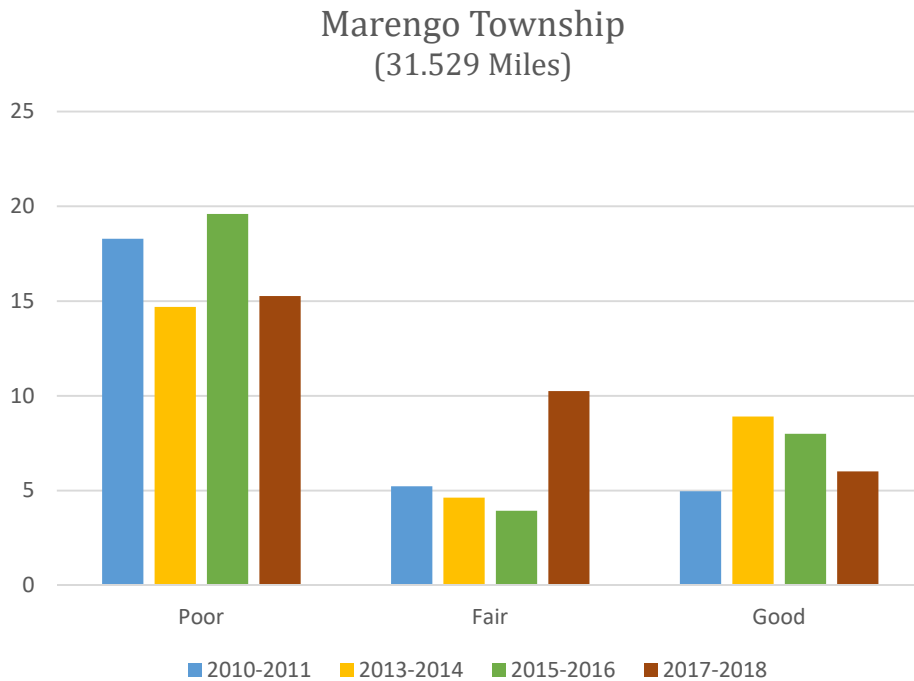
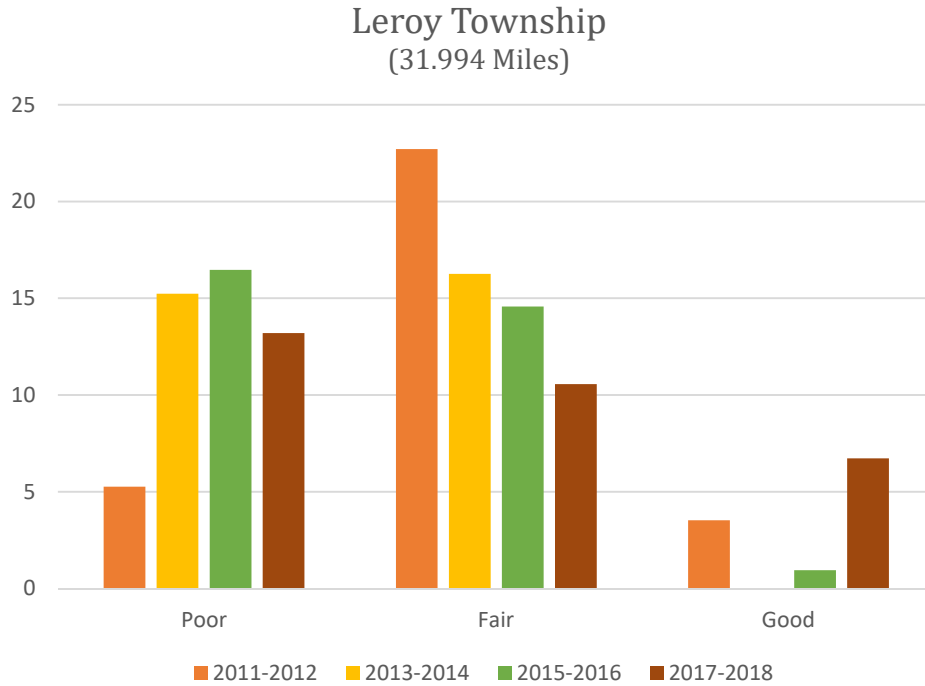
# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## 2011-2018 Federal Aid Road Condition Trends



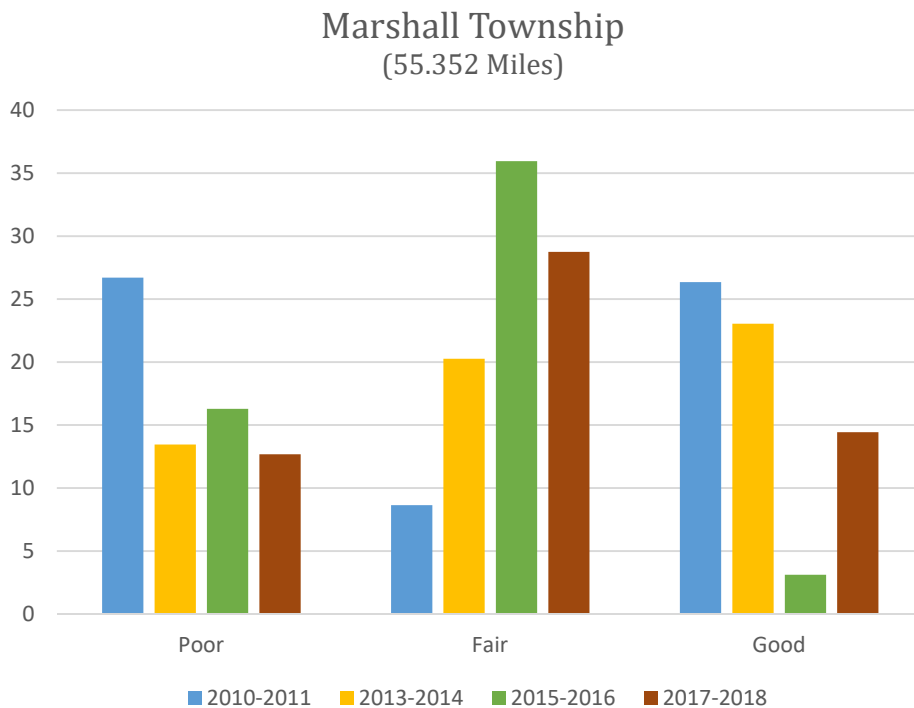
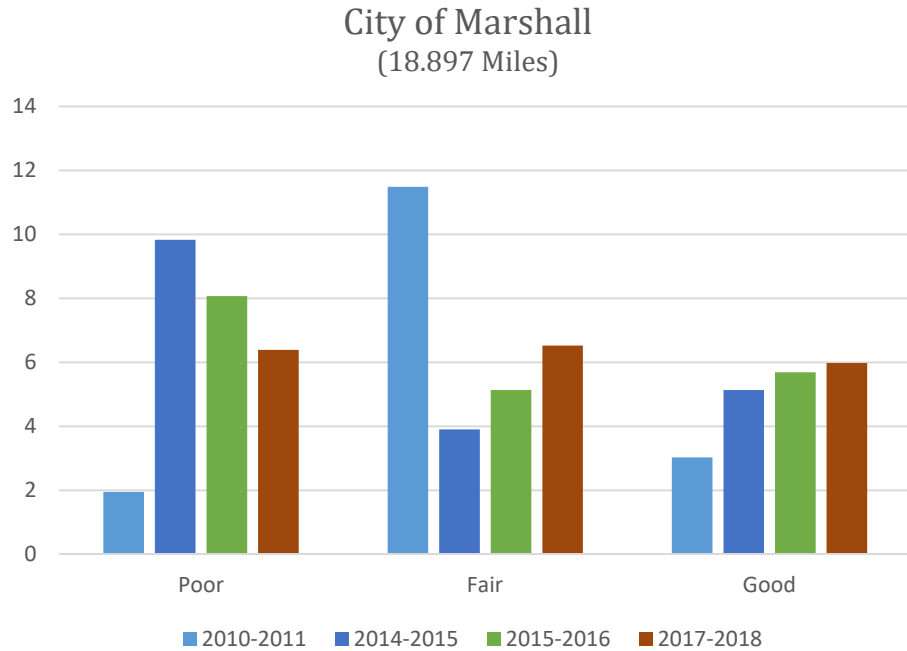
# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## 2011-2018 Federal Aid Road Condition Trends



# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

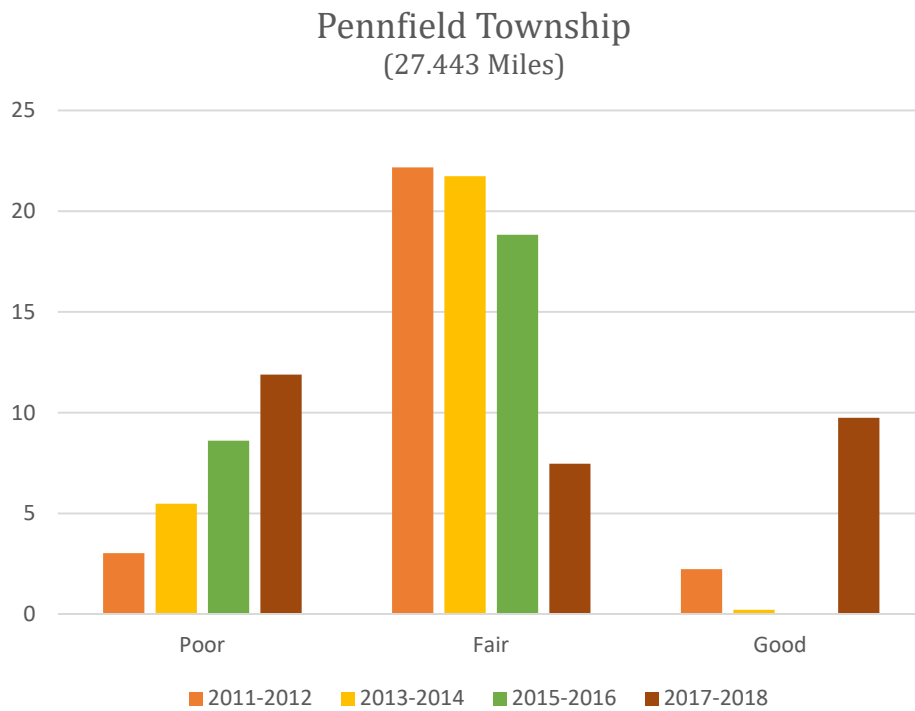
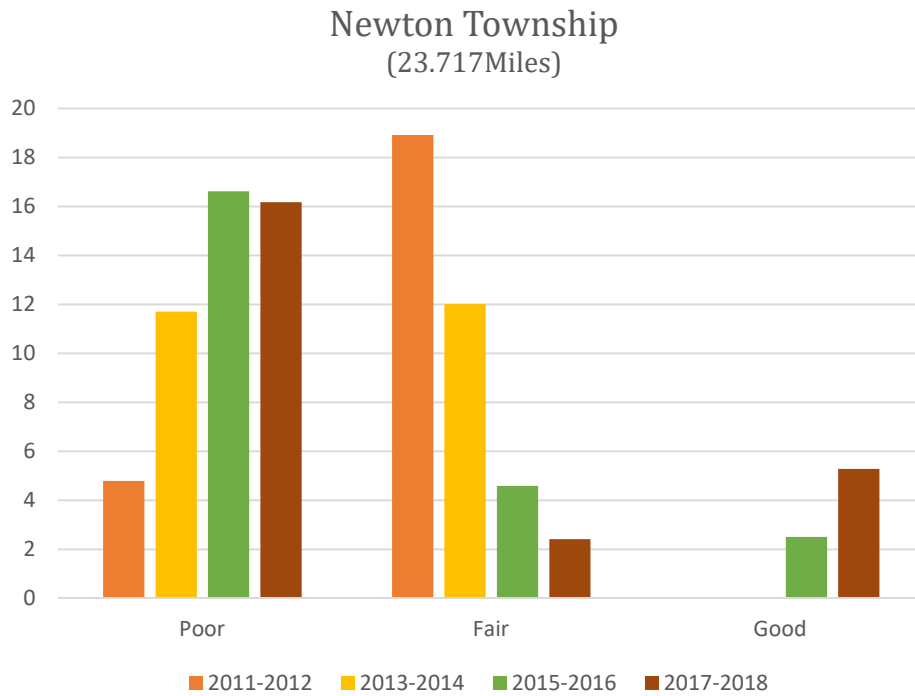
## 2011-2018 Federal Aid Road Condition Trends





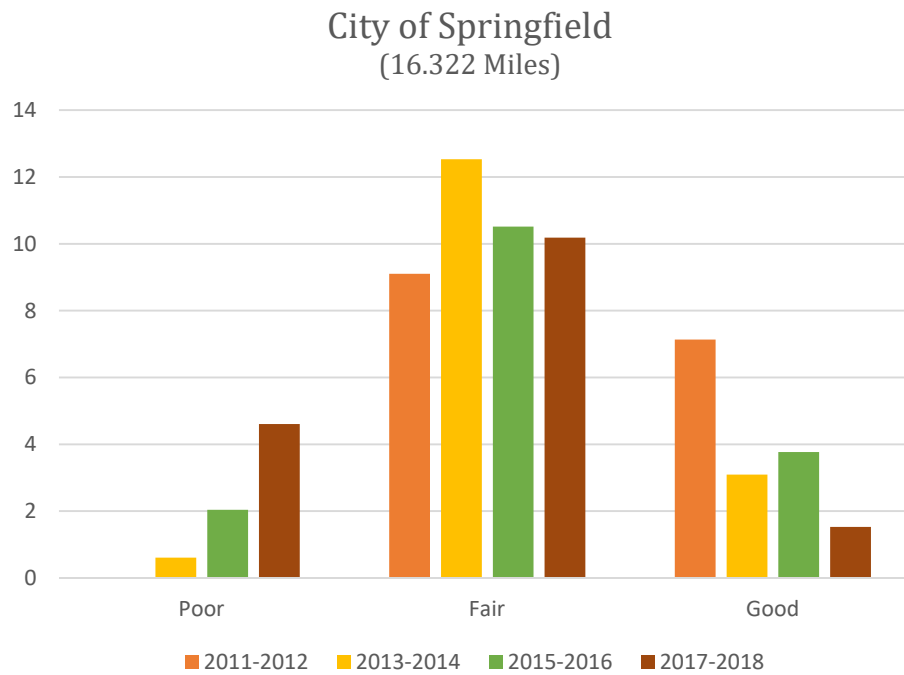
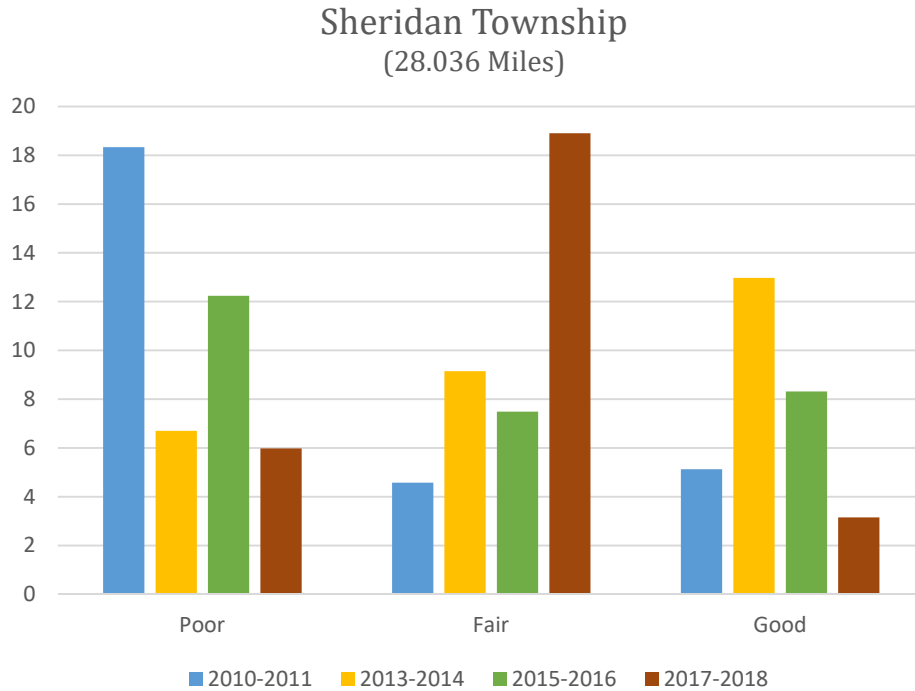
# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## 2011-2018 Federal Aid Road Condition Trends



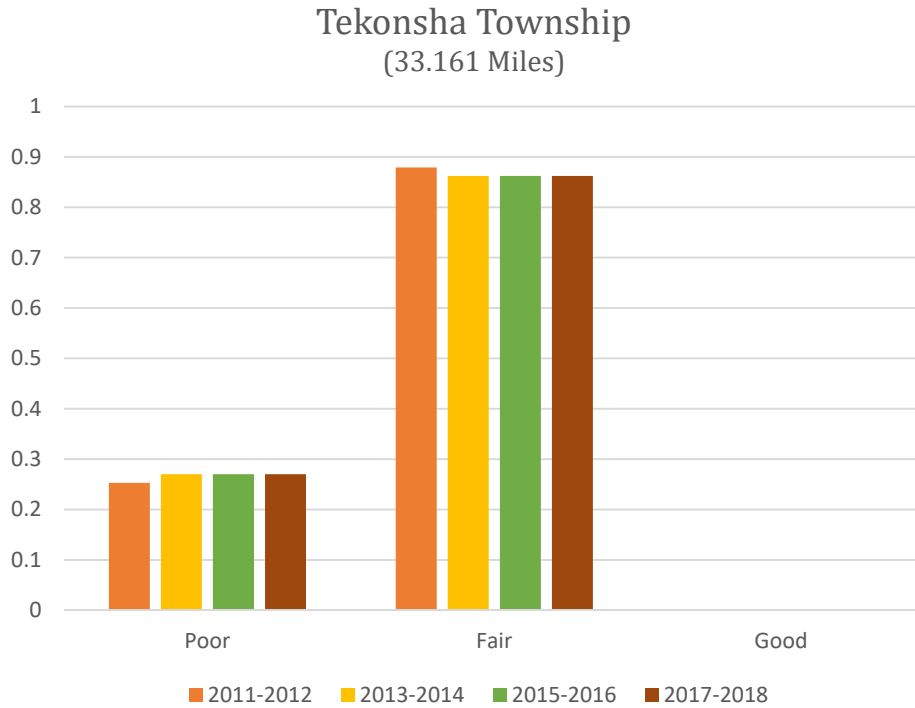
# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## 2011-2018 Federal Aid Road Condition Trends



# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## 2011-2018 Federal Aid Road Condition Trends

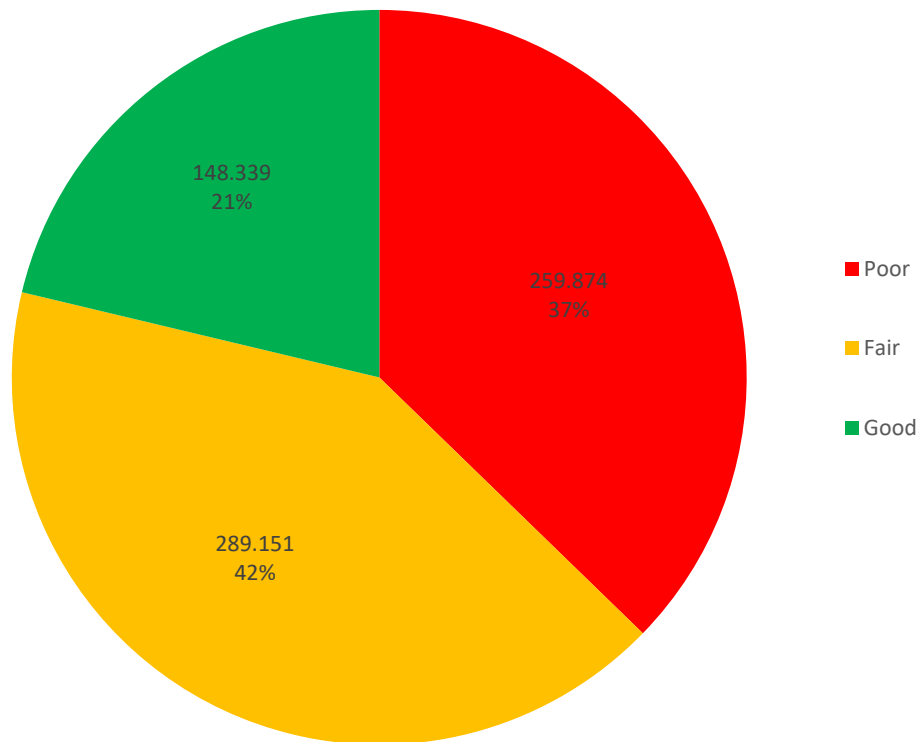


# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## Pavement Condition Summary

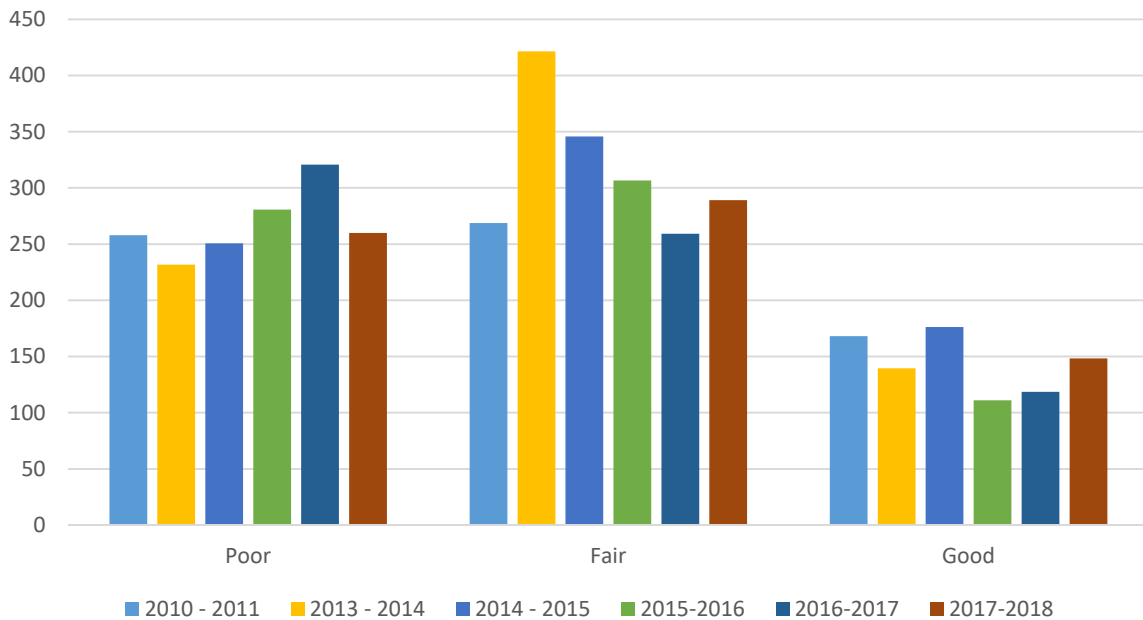
Of the nearly 700 miles of federal-aid roads that were most recently rated (2017-2018), 260 miles are rated as being in “Poor” condition, 289 miles rated “Fair”, and 148 miles “Good”. Thus, currently almost 80 percent of Calhoun County federal aid roads are roughly evenly split between Poor and Fair with just over 20% rated Good.

Calhoun County Federal Aid Condition Distribution  
2017 - 2018

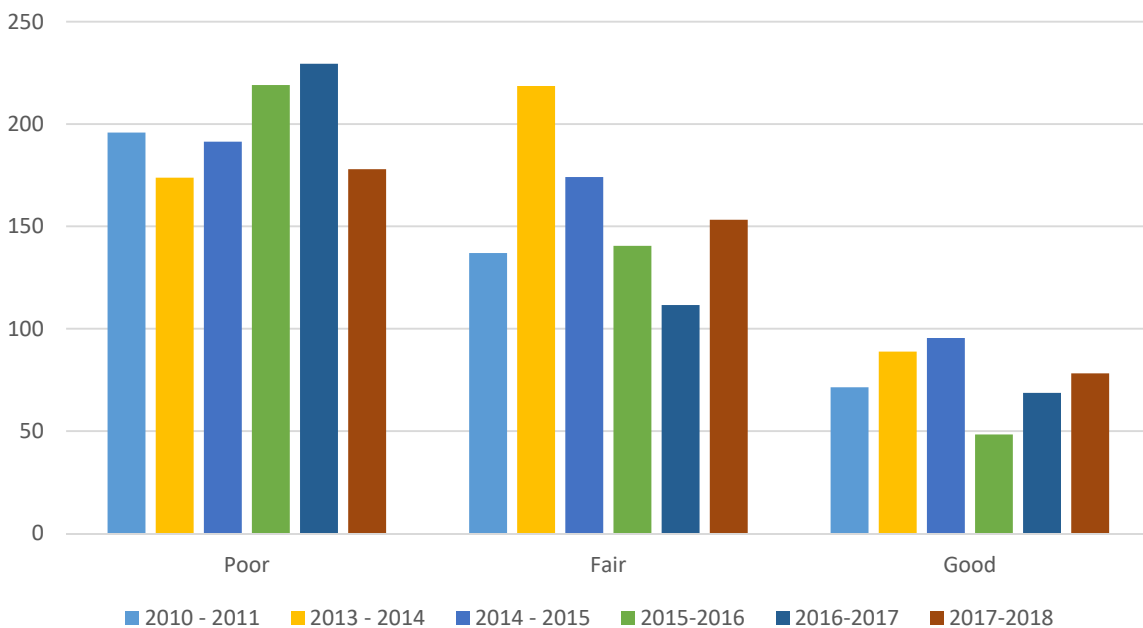


# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## Condition Trends of Calhoun County Federal-Aid Roads 2010-2018

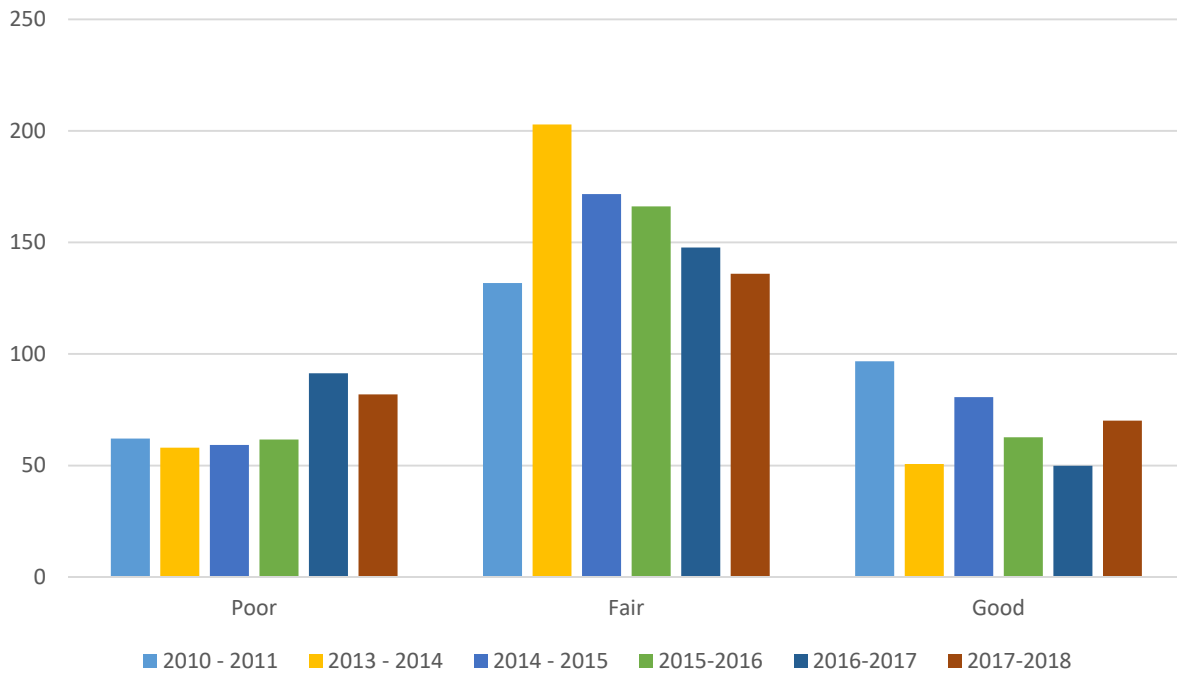


## Condition Trends of Calhoun County Non-Trunkline Federal-Aid Roads 2010-2018



# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## Condition Trends of Calhoun County Trunkline Federal-Aid Roads 2010-2018



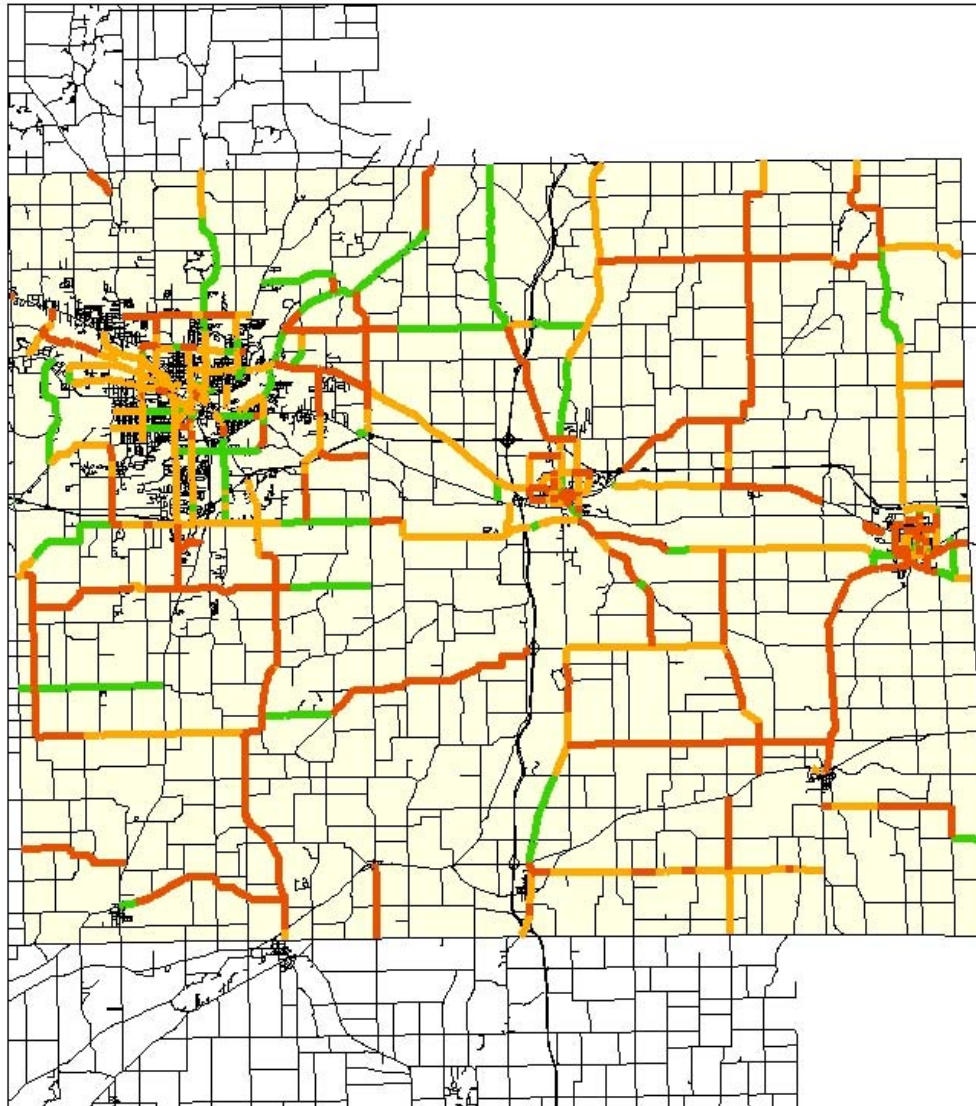
The bar graphs shown above illustrate quantities of each PASER condition category of federal aid roads in Calhoun County as recorded over the course of eight years. It appears that road agencies in Calhoun County have begun to reverse the previous trend of failing to prevent the migration of roads from Fair to Poor and are also addressing the backlog of Poor rated non-trunkline roads. Increasing their efforts in applying preventative maintenance measures would help to ensure the continued preservation of Fair rated roads before they deteriorate to Poor.

The maps on the following pages show the location and condition of federal aid roads in Calhoun County.





# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## PASER Maps

### Calhoun County Non-Trunkline Federal Aid Road Conditions 2017 - 2018



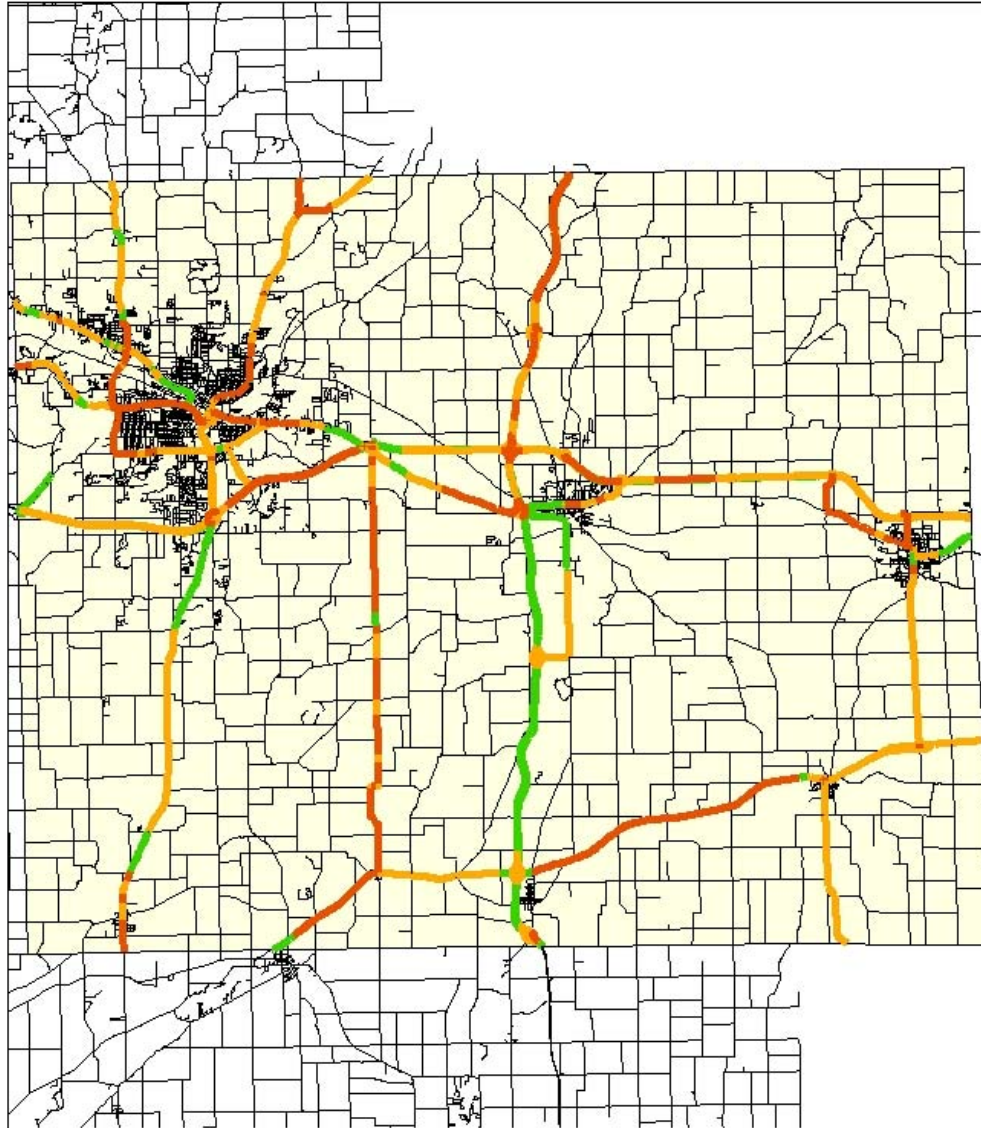
#### PASER Road Conditions

-  Poor (PASER 1 - 4)
-  Fair (PASER 5 - 7)
-  Good (PASER 8 - 10)
-  Calhoun County



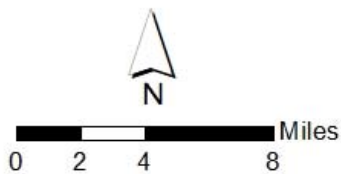
# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## Calhoun County State Trunkline Road Conditions 2017 - 2018



### PASER Road Conditions

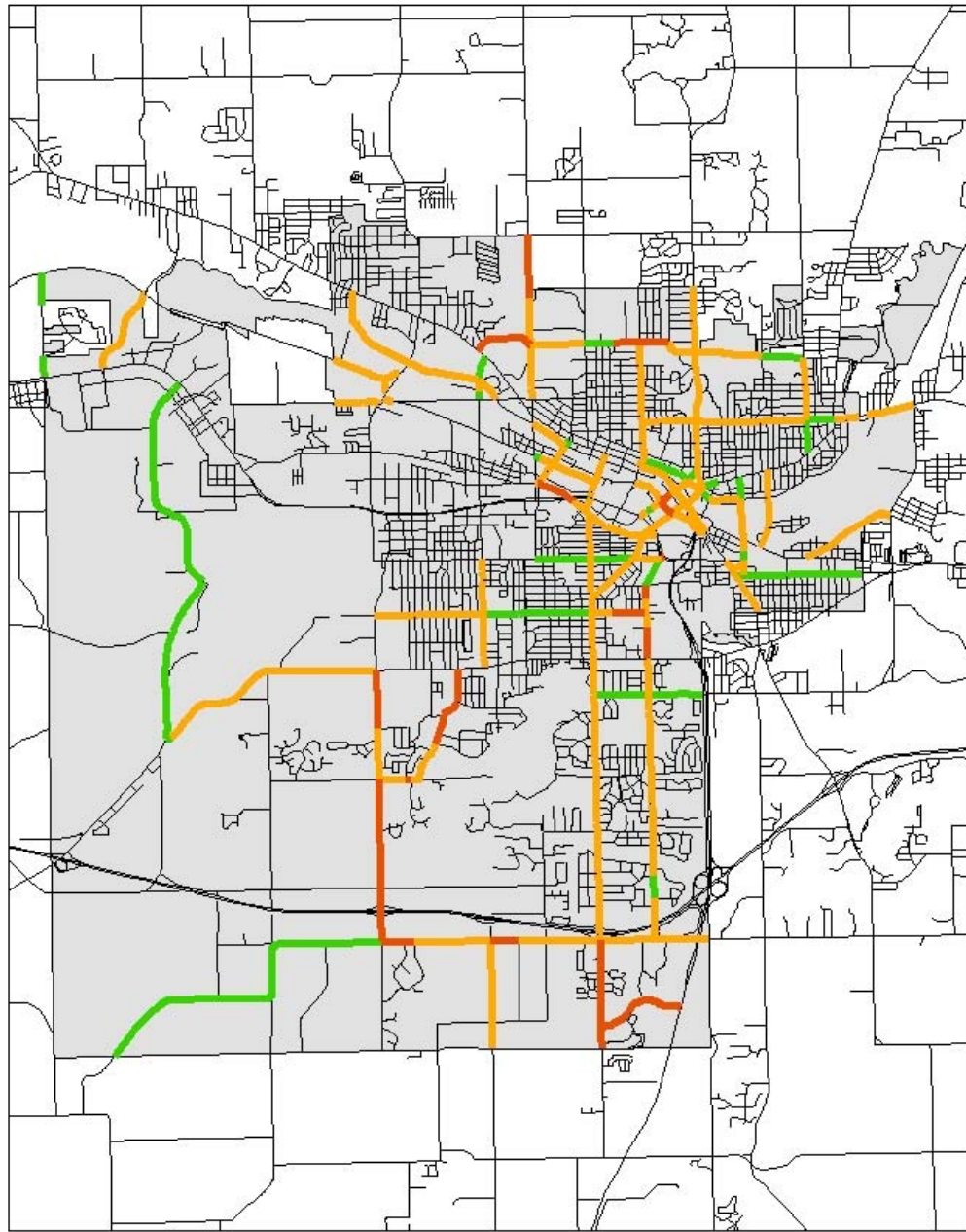
- Poor (PASER 1 - 4)
- Fair (PASER 5 - 7)
- Good (PASER 8 - 10)
- Calhoun County





# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## City of Battle Creek Federal Aid Road Conditions 2017 - 2018



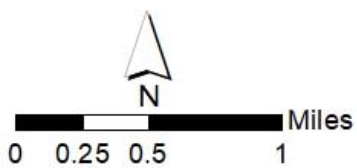
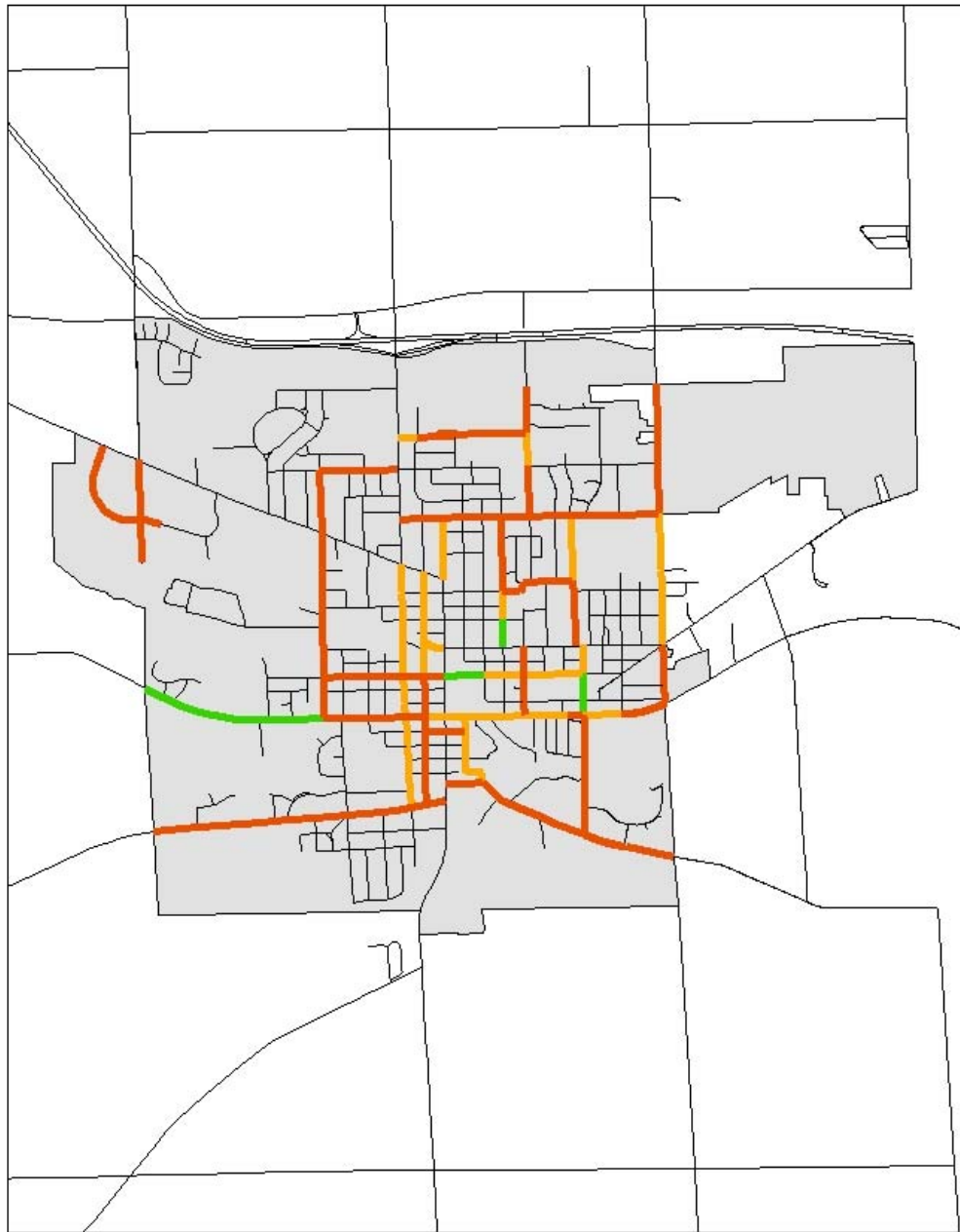
### PASER Road Conditions

- Poor (PASER 1 - 4)
- Fair (PASER 5 - 7)
- Good (PASER 8 - 10)



# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## City of Albion Federal Aid Road Conditions 2017 - 2018



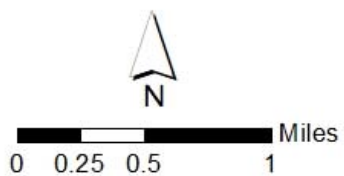
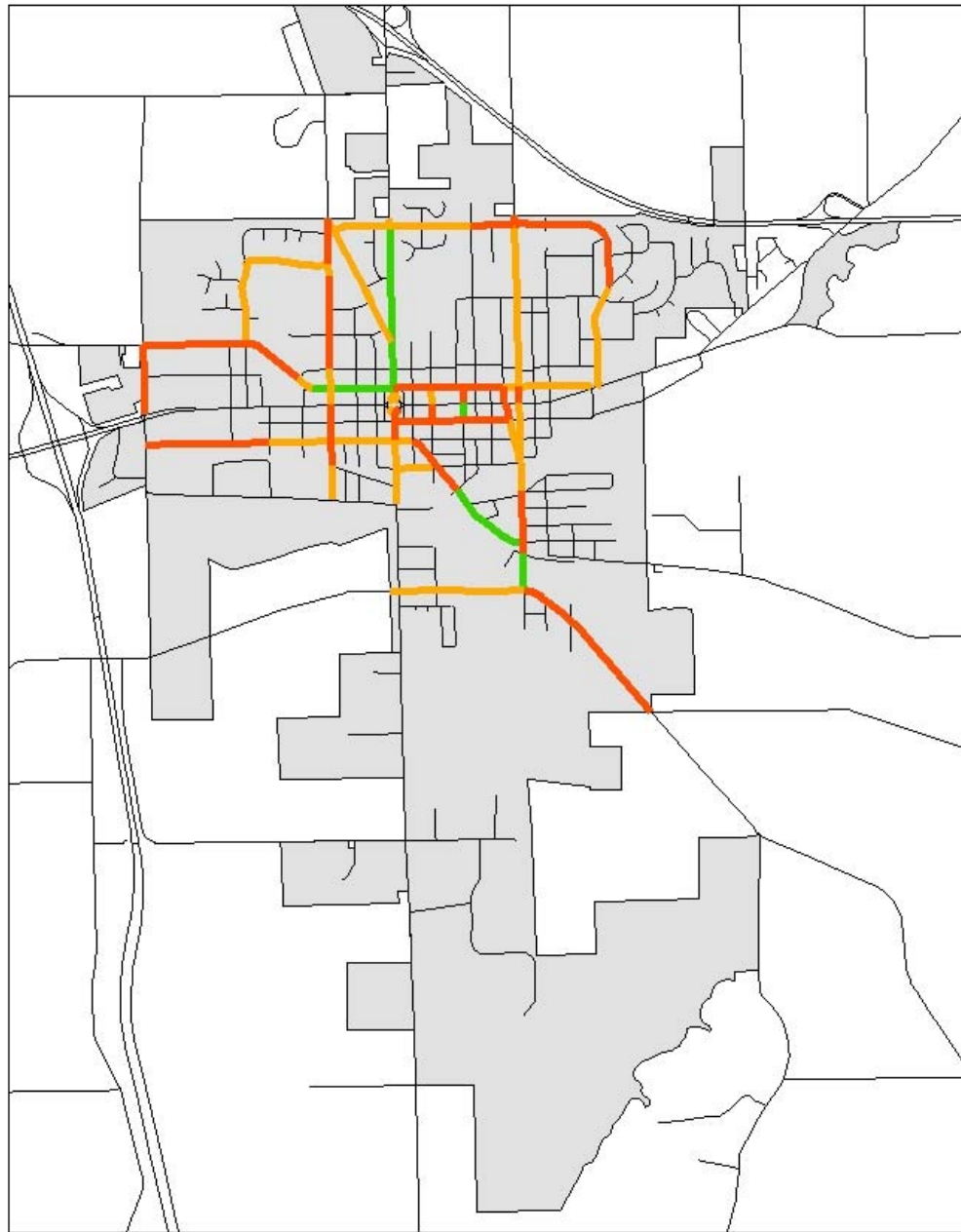
### PASER Road Conditions

- Poor (PASER 1 - 4)
- Fair (PASER 5 - 7)
- Good PASER 8 - 10)



# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## City of Marshall Federal Aid Road Conditions 2017 - 2018



### PASER Road Conditions

- Poor (PASER 1 - 4)
- Fair (PASER 5 - 7)
- Good (PASER 8 - 10)



# ROAD CONDITION REPORT FOR CALHOUN COUNTY

## Contact Information

For more information regarding the Calhoun County Road Condition report, or for township and village specific maps, contact:

- **Kalamazoo Area Transportation Study**  
5220 Lovers Lane • Suite 110 • Portage, Michigan • 49002  
(269)343-0766 • info@katsmpo.org
- **Calhoun County Road Commission**  
20914 Michigan 86 • Centreville, Michigan • 49032  
(269) 467-6393